



Non-Public School Health Program

Medical Standing Order for NASAL NALOXONE 4 mg

2022 – 2023 School Year

Opioid Overdose - Always an **EMERGENCY**

- Naloxone (Narcan) is indicated for reversal of suspected opioid overdose resulting in respiratory depression and/or unresponsiveness to stimuli.
- Person with symptoms of overdose must **ALWAYS** be transported by EMS to hospital for additional medical attention.

Signs of Overdose

- **Neuro** – Unresponsive to stimuli such as shaking or sternal rub, limp body.
Pinpoint Pupils
- **Lungs** - slow, shallow breathing or no breathing.
- **Heart** – Slow or no pulse. Cyanotic coloration to lips and fingertips.
- **Mouth** – unable to speak/incoherent. Gurgling or deep snorting.
- **Skin** – Pale, Clammy. Cyanotic coloration to lips and fingertips.
- **GI** – Vomiting or gurgling.
- **Other** – Report from bystanders, prior history or presence of drug paraphernalia

Action:

- **Call 911**
- Institute School Emergency Plan
- **Administer NARCAN Nasal Spray**
 - Lay person on back
 - Tilt head back slightly
 - Insert Narcan nozzle tip gently into ONE NOSTRIL
 - Press Plunger Firm to administer dose
 - Place person in Recovery position



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- **Repeat Dose in 3 – 5 minutes to other nostril if person does not respond by waking up to voice or touch.**

- Monitor vital signs and airway until EMS arrive; if needed start Rescue breathing and CPR
- Individual is to be transported by EMS even if symptoms improve.
- Continue to monitor vital signs and record. Provide to EMS along with a copy of student's Emergency Form / permission to treat.
- If the parents/guardian are not present at time of transport to the hospital, a school representative must accompany the student to the hospital.

Neil Stein, MD

4/1/2022

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Medical Director

Date